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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

GHS product identifier: SC0757
Product code: SC0757
Other means of identification: PTI 757
Product type: Solid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use: Sealants

Area of application : Industrial applications.

CRL Cat. No.'s: PT1707BL, PT1707BRZ, PT1707GRY, PT1707W

Supplier's details: Edge Adhesives

5117 Northeast Parkway Fort Worth, Texas, 76106

Emergency telephone

number CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (24/7)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the

substance or mixture: H315 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

H319 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
H350 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B

H336 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

H372 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute

oral toxicity: 25.3%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute

dermal toxicity: 79.3%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute

inhalation toxicity: 94.3%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms:





Signal word: Danger



SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (CONT.)

Hazard statements: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation. H350 - May cause cancer.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (lungs)

Precautionary statements

Prevention: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P260 - Do not breathe dust.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response: P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep

comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. P302 + P352 + P362+P364 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

 ${\sf P305+P351+P338-IF\ IN\ EYES: Rinse\ cautiously\ with\ water\ for\ several\ minutes.}$

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

1 337 1 313 In eye iintation persists. Get medice

Storage: P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified: None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/mixture: Mixture

Other means of identification: PTI 757

Ingredient Name	Other Names	%	CAS Number
Naphtha	-	≥25 - ≤50	8030-30-6
Soybean Oil	-	≥10 - ≤25	8001-22-7
Propylene Carbonate	-	≥10 - <20	108-32-7
Aluminium Powder (Pyrophoric)	-	≤10	7429-90-5
Limestone	-	≤5	1317-65-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

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SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and

lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at

least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash

clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air

and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swal lowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation,

watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation or rednesss

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

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SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If

> it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical:

Hazardous thermal decomposition products:

No specific fire or explosion hazard.

carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, metal oxide/oxides

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters:

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or

without suitable training.

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For non-emergency personnel:

Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on

appropriate personal protective equipment.

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any For emergency responders:

information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the

information in "For non emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,

drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused

environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (CONT.)

Small spill: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum

dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose

of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into

sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13

for waste disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety

precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do

not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional

information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient Name	Exposure Limits
Naphtha	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 400 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 400 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Soybean Oil	OSHA PEL (United States).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust None.
Propylene Carbonate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
Aluminium powder (pyrophoric)	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total



SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredient Name	Exposure Limits
Limestone	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total
Appropriate engineering controls:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation in some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the proces equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures Hygiene measures:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection Hand protection:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove materia may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the tas being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the

important aspects of use.

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other



SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<u>Appearance</u>

Physical state: Solid.

Color: White. Gray. Black. Neutral. bronze.

Odor: Resin [Slight]
Odor threshold: Not available.
pH: Not applicable.

Melting point: 121.11°C (250°F)

Boiling point: >232.22°C (>450°F)

Flash point: Open cup: >232.22°C (>450°F)

Evaporation rate: Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits:Not available.Vapor pressure:Not available.Vapor density:Not available.Relative density:0.95 [Water = 1]

Density: 0.95 g/cm³

Solubility: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water: Not available.

Partition coefficient:

noctanol/water:Not applicable. **Auto-ignition temperature:**Not available.

Decomposition temperature: >232.22°C (>450°F)

SADT: Not available.

Viscosity: Dynamic (176.67°C (350°F)): 15000 mPa·s (15000 cP)

Flow time (ISO 2431): Not available.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: No specific data.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: hydrocarbons, petroleum

distillates.

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<u>Information on toxicological effects</u>

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient Name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	61 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	_
Propylene Carbonate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	≥2000 mg/kg	-
		Female		-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Limestone	LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	_

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient Name	Result	Species	Scores	Exposer	Observation
Naphtha	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 UI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 UI	-
Propylene Carbonate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	60 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Sensitization: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

<u>Teratogenicity</u>

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of Exposure	Target organs
Naphtha	Category 3	Not applicable	Narcotic effects
Propylene Carbonate	Category 3	Not applicable	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of Exposure	Target organs
Aluminium powder (pyrophoric)	Category 2	Not determined	Lungs
Limestone	Category 1	Not determined	Lungs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Naphtha	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not available. **Potential delayed effects:** Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not available. **Potential delayed effects:** Not available.

Potential chronic health effects Not available.

General: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects:No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (CONT.)

Product/ingredient Name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SC0757	N/A	8558.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Naphtha	N/A	N/A	N/A	61	N/A
Propylene Carbonate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Limestone	6450	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Product/ingredient Name	Result	Species	Exposure
Naphtha	Acute EC50 3700 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus Lacustris	48 hours
Propylene Carbonate	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus Carpio	96 hours
	Acute NOEC >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus Carpio	96 hours
Aluminium powder(pyrophoric)	Acute LC50 38000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 120 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient Name Test Result	Dose	Inoculum
Propylene Carbonate OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability 87.7 % -CO ₂ Evolution Test 29 day	- Readily - -	Activated sludge

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient Name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha	_	10 to 2500	high
Propylene Carbonate	-0.41	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

coefficient (Koc): Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Naphtha, Aluminium powder (pyrophoric))	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Naphtha, Aluminium powder (pyrophoric))	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Naphtha, Aluminium powder (pyrophoric))
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

<u>Additional information</u>

IMDG:

DOT Classification:

Limited quantity: Yes.

Packaging instruction Exceptions: 155. Non-bulk: 213. Bulk: 240.

Special provisions: 8, 146, 335, 384, A112, B54, B120, IB8, IP3, N20, N91, T1, TP33,

This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and

4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

Emergency schedules: F-A, S-F

Special provisions: 274, 335, 966, 967, 969

IMDG Code Segregation group: SGG15 - Powdered metals

IATA: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or

≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and

5.0.2.8.

Quantity limitation: Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 400 kg. Packaging instructions: 956.

Cargo Aircraft Only: 400 kg. Packaging instructions: 956. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft:: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y956.

Special provisions: A97, A158, A179, A197

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SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and

the IBC Code: Not available.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal regulations: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air

Pollutants (HAPs): Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals): Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals

(Essential Chemicals): Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information

on ingredients: No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification: SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPEČÍFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Naphtha	≥25 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid HNOC - Defatting irritant
Soybean Oil	≥10 - ≤25	HNOC - Defatting irritant
Propylene Carbonate	≥10 - <20	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Aluminium powder (pyrophoric)	≤10	PYROPHORIC SOLIDS - Category 1 SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES, WHICH IN CONTACT WITH



SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION (CONT.)

		WATER, EMIT FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 2
		COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
Limestone	≤5	EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 2
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1

SARA 313

	Product Name	CAS Number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Aluminium powder (pyrophoric)	7429-90-5	≤10
Supplier notification	Aluminium powder (pyrophoric)	7429-90-5	≤10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: NAPHTHA VM&P; NAPHTHA; CALCIUM

CARBONATE; MARBLE DUST; ALUMINUM

New York: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey: The following components are listed: NAPHTHA; BENZIN; CALCIUM CARBONATE;

LIMESTONE; ALUMINUM

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: PETROLEUM DISTILLATES; NAPHTHA 49

DEGREE BE-COAL TAR TYPE; SOYBEAN OIL; LIMESTONE; ALUMINUM

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	3
Flammability		1
Physical Hazards		0

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2A, H319	Calculation method
Carc. 1B, H350	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 1, H372 (lungs)	Calculation method

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION (CONT.)

History

Date of issue/

Date of revision: 11/13/2019

Date of previous

issue: No previous validation

Version: 1

Prepared by: Sphera Solutions

Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

AMP = Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an

8-hr shift

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available UN = United Nations

References: HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard International transport regulations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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